

Nano-immunosorbents based on SiO₂ nanoparticles functionalized with antibody for Dicamba pesticide dosing



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Dicamba (3,6-dichloro-2-methoxybenzoic acid) is a broad-spectrum herbicide used in agriculture its residues in soil and water require high sensitivity analysis in order to establish the contamination level of the alimentary products and the environmental factors.



Nano-immunosorbents are nanoparticles functionalized with components of immune system (antigens/antibodies).



Polyclonal antibodies against residual pesticide 3,6-dichloro-2-methoxybenzoic acid (Dicamba) were obtained by immunization of New Zealand Rabbits

Antigen Capture

experiments, with Dicamba-bovine serum albumin as immunogenic conjugate.

The gamma globulins were separated by chemical method using $(NH_4)_2SO_4$ due to its higher efficiency.





Nano - Enzyme Linked Immunosorbent Assay

- ✓ is based on nano-immunosrbents
- ✓ the immune reaction between nano-immunosorbents and dicamba analyte, both in suspension has the advantage of minimizing the diffusion distances between antigen and antibody and time to reach the chemical equilibrium in comparison with heterogeneous ELISA technique.



SiO₂-Antibody Np

SiO₂ Np



P1-1.2-PCCDI-2017 0010/74PCCDI/2018, within PNCDI III and Nucleu Programme PN19060203/2019. The SEM imagies acquisition were supported by

